



File: 5600-20-07-01

January 14, 2025

Christine Sweezey Environmental Health Officer Interior Health 540 Borland Street, 3rd Floor Williams Lake, BC V2G 2G8

Dear Christine Sweezey:

Re: Transmittal of the 2024 Annual Report for the Lac La Hache Water System

We are pleased to submit the 2024 Annual Report for the Lac La Hache Water System. This report is prepared to provide a comprehensive summary of the key developments, activities, and achievements of 2024, as well as to outline plans for the water system.

The report has been developed with consideration for public engagement and transparency, ensuring it meets the information needs of Interior Health, the Cariboo Regional District Board of Directors, and particularly the Lac La Hache community, as represented by Electoral Area G Director Al Richmond.

We trust this report will serve as a valuable resource in understanding the progress and direction of the Lac La Hache Water System.

Sincerely,

Kelly McDonald Manager of Utilities

KM/cm

building communities together





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1. Executive Summary

The Lac La Hache Water System serves 500 residents through 239 connections. Upgraded in 2024 with a new well and pumphouse, the system features 6.7 km of PVC pipe, a reservoir, and two source wells with chlorination.

The Cariboo Regional District Operators ensure daily maintenance and monitoring, and maintaining service despite staffing shortages. The water is hard but good quality, with natural organics requiring regular testing for chlorine by-products.

Nearby contaminated sites are monitored, with plans to decommission a well and explore a Source Protection Area. Emergency preparedness has improved with a new response plan, and a drought plan is in progress.

The CRD remains committed to providing safe, reliable water and keeping residents informed.

1.1. Key Information

System key facts:

- 6.7 km of PVC pipe with 15m of steel pipe
- Two source wells, one new in 2024
- Single reservoir
- 239 service connections
- Chlorinated

2. Introduction

The Lac La Hache Water System provides service to approximately 500 residents through 239 individual connections. Originally constructed in 1981, the system consists entirely of polyvinyl chloride (PVC) piping. In 2024, a new well and pumphouse were completed and are now operational.

3. Maintenance

CRD Operators conduct daily system checks to ensure proper functioning and maintenance. These checks include mechanical maintenance of pumps, valves, hydrants, and electronic components. During inspections, disinfectant residuals (sodium hypochlorite) are adjusted and routinely sampled. Operators also perform scheduled sampling to monitor bacteriological and chemical parameters, ensuring compliance with regulatory standards.

4. Projects and Planned Activities

In 2024, the Lac La Hache Water System saw the completion of an upgrade to its remote computer monitoring system (SCADA), enhancing operational oversight. Additional SCADA upgrades are planned to further improve system efficiency. Currently, the system is undergoing a comprehensive inventory as part of the Cariboo Regional District's efforts to implement a standardized asset management program across all its systems.

Looking ahead to 2025, planned activities include full hydrant maintenance, a leak detection survey, and main valve exercising to ensure the system remains in optimal condition and operates reliably. These initiatives reflect ongoing efforts to maintain and improve system performance and longevity.

5. <u>Environmental Operator's Certification Program (EOCP)</u>

The CRD has been active in 2024, with staff completing numerous training courses and achieving certification levels in the Environmental Operator's Certification Program (EOCP). The southern region water systems now have three certified Operators, including one who has achieved their Level 3 (EOCP) certification in water distribution (table 1).

The Operators are responsible for operating the Lac La Hache system, along with six other water systems and one wastewater system in the South Cariboo.

Table 1: Environmental Operator Certification Levels

<u>Operator</u>	<u>Region</u>	<u>Water</u> <u>Distribution</u>	<u>Water</u> <u>Treatment</u>	<u>Operator in</u> <u>Training</u>
Jourdy Ouellette	South	3	1	
Larry Perry	South	1		
Colin Brusic	South			
Ken/Chuck	Central		Backup	
Manager	Central	4	1	

Staffing was a challenge in 2024, with multiple vacant positions. Despite this, Operators have worked diligently to maintain the level of service our residents expect while safeguarding public health. We anticipate improvements in 2025 through additional staff and continued training.

6. Source to Tap Risks

The community hall wells are located near several registered contaminated sites (*figure 1*), posing a potential risk of subsurface contamination. One of these sites, the former Mohawk gas station, is approximately six metres from the source wells. At present, there is no evidence of hydrocarbon impact on water quality; however, regular monitoring will continue.

Figure 1: Contaminated Sites in Proximity



Figure 1: Site Loc	cation Map and Regist	ered Site Locations		western water
Date: January 2020	Image Source: CRD Maps		WWAL Project: 19-123-01	
Drawn by: WG	Checked by: RR	Client: Cariboo Regional District	Client Project: N/A	Consultants in Hydrogeology and Water Resources Management

Residual chlorination using sodium hypochlorite began in 2024 following the completion of the new pumphouse. This measure helps prevent bacterial contamination within the distribution system. Monitoring for potential chlorine by-products will be incorporated into the sampling schedule for 2025.

The Ministry of Environment will be engaged to seek consent for decommissioning the well at the former gas station site. Additionally, the establishment of a Source Protection Area will be explored to further mitigate contamination risks.

Although the water is very hard, Lac La Hache source wells provide acceptable quality water.

6.1. Cross-Connection Control

A cross-connection control program is currently under development for the Lac La Hache Water System, with plans to extend to it from the 108 Mile Water System. Low-pressure services to parcels near the reservoir are identified as a concern and will require attention.

7. Water Sampling

Bacteriological sampling is performed twice each month at three designated locations. Quarterly sampling is conducted for the chlorine by-products trihalomethanes (THMs) and halo acetic acids (HAAs), hydrocarbons, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

Additionally, a comprehensive chemical and mineral analysis is carried out once a year to detect any changes in the source water. Our Operators continuously monitor residual chlorine levels and turbidity in real time to ensure water quality.

8. Water Quality

Although the source water at Lac La Hache is good quality, it is classified as hard water. One notable characteristic of this water is the higher presence of natural organic compounds, which requires regular testing for chlorine by-products.* In the context of this document, the term "organics" refers to compounds in which carbon is a primary component. Organic compounds vary widely in type and origin. In drinking water, some organic materials result from the natural decay of vegetation. As plants break down, they release substances known

^{*} Sample results attached.

as lignin and tannins. When dissolved in water, these compounds contribute to the natural environmental characteristics of the water source. The presence of lignin and tannins is a normal aspect of the water's composition and reflects the influence of organic matter in the surrounding environment (Health Canada, 2019).

* Organics can create harmful by-products when combined with chlorine (Health Canada, 2019)

9. Events

In November 2024, a new well and pumphouse were commissioned, enabling the maintenance of chlorine residuals throughout the distribution system. A community hall meeting was held to inform residents who rely on the system.

Comprehensive hydrant maintenance is scheduled for 2025, as this critical task should be performed annually to ensure public safety. Budget allocations have also been made for leak detection and main valve exercising equipment.

9.1. Boil Water Advisory

On two occasions in 2024, the Lac La Hache Water System was placed under a Boil Water Advisory, temporarily, after the reservoir was emptied by fire crews during emergency response efforts.

To prevent similar incidents in the future, a communication protocol has been established with local fire departments. This ensures that system operators are notified in advance when significant water usage is expected. Operators can increase flow volumes proactively, helping to maintain reservoir levels and reduce the risk of another Boil Water Advisory.

9.2. Water Demand

In 2024, a new pumphouse and well were completed. This includes a flowmeter allowing accurate demand estimates. Previously the demand was estimated off pump run hours. Because of the highly suspect method, graphs and estimates are not included.

10. Emergency Planning

A new Emergency Response and Contingency Plan (ERCP) for the Lac La Hache Water System was developed to enhance preparedness and ensure quick, coordinated responses to potential emergencies affecting the water supply.

The process began with a risk assessment to identify potential hazards, such as equipment failures, natural disasters, contamination events, and power outages. Stakeholder input, including feedback from Operators, community members, and regulatory bodies, helped shape the plan to address specific vulnerabilities and local conditions.

10.1. Key Elements of the ERCP

- Clear Response Protocols: Step-by-step actions for various emergency scenarios.
- Roles and Responsibilities: Defined roles for Operators, management, and external agencies.
- Communication Strategies: Procedures for notifying residents, government agencies, and media.
- Resource Allocation: Identification of equipment, backup systems, and personnel required during emergencies.
- Training and Drills: Regular exercises to ensure staff are familiar with the plan and can respond efficiently.

The plan will be reviewed and approved by local health authorities to ensure compliance with provincial regulations. This updated ERCP reflects the system's expanded infrastructure, including the new wells and pumphouse, ensuring that emergency procedures align with the current operational capacity.

In addition, a drought plan is currently being developed in line with best practice.

11. Conclusion

The 2024 upgrades to the Lac La Hache Water System reflect the CRD's ongoing efforts to enhance infrastructure and safeguard public health. Continued monitoring, maintenance, and emergency planning ensure reliable service and water quality. The CRD will prioritize transparency, risk mitigation, and future improvements to meet the needs of the community.

^{*} Plans attached.

12. References

Health Canada (2019, May 21). Guidance on Natural Organic Matter in Drinking Water. Retrieved from https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/programs/consultation-organic-matter-drinking-water/document.html#es

Environmental Operators Certification Program (2024). Retrieved from https://eocp.ca/

Sample results, Interior Health. Retrieved from https://services.interiorhealth.ca/publichealthprotection/watersamples.aspx

13. Glossary

Organics - compounds in which carbon is a primary component.

Sodium hypochlorite - commonly known as bleach, is delivered to the CRD as a 12% liquid solution, meaning it contains 12% active disinfectant mixed with water. This chemical, made of sodium (Na+) and hypochlorite (OCl-), is a powerful disinfectant used in water treatment to kill harmful bacteria and ensure safe drinking water.

Thank you to:

- Cheryl McMullen
- Jourdy Ouellette
- Colin Brusic
- Ken Heidema

for their contribution.

- Chuck Howes
- Phil Wilkins
- Tyler Olsen

Appendix A: Links

Interior Health:

- Interior Health Water Advisories
- <u>Drinking Water | Environmental & Seasonal Health | IH</u>

Cariboo Regional District:

- Water Notices and Advisories Cariboo Regional District
- <u>Sewer and Water Services Cariboo Regional District</u>

Notification App (VoyentAlert!):

• Emergency Notification System – Cariboo Regional District

Environmental Operators Certification Program (EOCP):

- <u>EOCP Homepage | EOCP</u>
- <u>Backflow Prevention, Cross Connection Control, and the Environmental Operators</u> <u>Certification Program | EOCP</u>

Appendix B: Sample Results

Facility and Sample Site: Lac La Hache Water System (CRD) Hwy 97, Lac La Hache, BC	Test Type: Drinking Water – Bacteriological Unit of Measure: CFU per 100 ml	Value	Date Collected	Results
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	29 Jan 2024	Acceptable
•	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	29 Jan 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	29 Jan 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	29 Jan 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	29 Jan 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	29 Jan 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	06 Feb 2024	Acceptable
Claulia Camania Station	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	06 Feb 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1 <1	06 Feb 2024 06 Feb 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	06 Feb 2024 06 Feb 2024	Acceptable Acceptable
Wickiniey Sample Station	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	06 Feb 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	28 Feb 2024	Acceptable
. ampridase	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	28 Feb 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	28 Feb 2024	Acceptable
·	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	28 Feb 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	28 Feb 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	28 Feb 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Mar 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Mar 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Mar 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Mar 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Mar 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Mar 2024 26 Mar 2024	Acceptable
Pullipilouse	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	26 Mar 2024	Acceptable Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	26 Mar 2024	Acceptable
clarke sample station	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	26 Mar 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	26 Mar 2024	Acceptable
.,	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	26 Mar 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	10 Apr 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	10 Apr 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	10 Apr 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	10 Apr 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	10 Apr 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	10 Apr 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	24 Apr 2024	Acceptable
Clarks Carrola Challan	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	24 Apr 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1 <1	24 Apr 2024 24 Apr 2024	Acceptable Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	24 Apr 2024 24 Apr 2024	Acceptable
Wickiniey Sample Station	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	24 Apr 2024 24 Apr 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	07 May 2024	Acceptable
. ampridase	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	07 May 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	07 May 2024	Acceptable
•	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	07 May 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	07 May 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	07 May 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	28 May 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	28 May 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	28 May 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	28 May 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	28 May 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1 <1	28 May 2024 04 Jun 2024	Acceptable Acceptable
rumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coll Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	04 Jun 2024 04 Jun 2024	Acceptable Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: Total Collorni Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	04 Jun 2024 04 Jun 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Jampie Jianon	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	04 Jun 2024 04 Jun 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	04 Jun 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	04 Jun 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	19 Jun 2024	Acceptable
·	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	19 Jun 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	19 Jun 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	19 Jun 2024	Acceptable

Facility and Sample Site: Lac La Hache Water System (CRD) Hwy 97, Lac La Hache, BC	Test Type: Drinking Water – Bacteriological Unit of Measure: CFU per 100 ml	Value	Date Collected	Results
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	19 Jun 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	19 Jun 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	03 Jul 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	03 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	03 Jul 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	03 Jul 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	03 Jul 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	03 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	16 Jul 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	16 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	16 Jul 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	16 Jul 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	16 Jul 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	16 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	24 Jul 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	24 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	24 Jul 2024	Acceptable
14 K. J. C. J. C. K.	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	24 Jul 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	24 Jul 2024	Acceptable
<u> </u>	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	24 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	29 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Claulia Caurala Charian	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	29 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	29 Jul 2024	Acceptable
Markinday Canada Chakian	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	29 Jul 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1 <1	29 Jul 2024 29 Jul 2024	Acceptable Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: Total Colliorni Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	06 Aug 2024	Acceptable
rumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. Coll Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	06 Aug 2024 06 Aug 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	06 Aug 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. Coll Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	06 Aug 2024 06 Aug 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	06 Aug 2024	Acceptable
Wekiney Sample Station	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	06 Aug 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Aug 2024	Acceptable
rumphouse	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Aug 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Aug 2024	Acceptable
ciaric sample station	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Aug 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Aug 2024	Acceptable
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Aug 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	10 Sep 2024	Acceptable
·	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	10 Sep 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	10 Sep 2024	Acceptable
•	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	10 Sep 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	10 Sep 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	10 Sep 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	23 Sep 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	23 Sep 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	23 Sep 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	23 Sep 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	23 Sep 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	23 Sep 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	07 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	07 Oct 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	07 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	07 Oct 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	07 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	07 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Background Growth >200	Yes	07 Oct 2024	Unacceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	08 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	08 Oct 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	08 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	08 Oct 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	08 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	08 Oct 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	22 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	22 Oct 2024	Acceptable

Facility and Sample Site:	Test Type:			
Lac La Hache Water System (CRD)	Drinking Water – Bacteriological			
Hwy 97, Lac La Hache, BC	Unit of Measure: CFU per 100 ml	Value	Date Collected	Results
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	22 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	22 Oct 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	22 Oct 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	22 Oct 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Nov 2024	Acceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Nov 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	13 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	13 Nov 2024	Acceptable
Pump House	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	18 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	18 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Background Growth >200	Yes	18 Nov 2024	Unacceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	18 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	18 Nov 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	18 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	18 Nov 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	19 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	19 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Background Growth >200	Yes	19 Nov 2024	Unacceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	19 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	19 Nov 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	19 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	19 Nov 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	20 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	20 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Background Growth >200	Yes	20 Nov 2024	Unacceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	20 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	20 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Background Growth >200	Yes	20 Nov 2024	Unacceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	20 Nov 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	20 Nov 2024	Acceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: Overgrown without E. coli	Inconclusive	03 Dec 2024	Unacceptable
•	Sample Parameter: Overgrown without Coliform	Inconclusive	03 Dec 2024	Unacceptable
Clarke Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	03 Dec 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	03 Dec 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	03 Dec 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	03 Dec 2024	Acceptable
	Sample Parameter: Background Growth >200	Yes	03 Dec 2024	Unacceptable
Pumphouse	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	17 Dec 2024	Acceptable
·	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	17 Dec 2024	Acceptable
McKinley Sample Station	Sample Parameter: E. coli	<1	17 Dec 2024	Acceptable
, ,	Sample Parameter: Total Coliform	<1	17 Dec 2024	Acceptable

Work Order : KS2405201

Cariboo Regional District
 Lac La Hache



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: Water (Matrix: Water)	Client samn							9 	
			Client sampling	date / time	10-Dec-2024 09:00	10-Dec-2024 09:20			
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	LOR	Unit	KS2405201-001	KS2405201-002			
					Result	Result			
Physical Tests									
Absorbance, UV (@ 254nm), unfiltered	00000	E405/VA	0.0050	AU/cm	0.0350				
Alkalinity, bicarbonate (as CaCO3)		E290/VA	1.0	mg/L	364				
Alkalinity, carbonate (as CaCO3)		E290/VA	1.0	mg/L	<1.0				
Alkalinity, hydroxide (as CaCO3)		E290/VA	1.0	mg/L	<1.0				
Alkalinity, phenolphthalein (as CaCO3)		E290/VA	1.0	mg/L	<1.0				
Alkalinity, total (as CaCO3)	-	E290/VA	1.0	mg/L	364				
Colour, true		E329/VA	5.0	CU	<5.0				
Conductivity		E100/VA	2.0	μS/cm	810				
Hardness (as CaCO3), from total Ca/Mg		EC100A/VA	0.60	mg/L	355				
Langelier index (@ 15°C)		EC105A/VA	0.010	-	0.841				
Langelier index (@ 20°C)		EC105A/VA	0.010	-	0.915				
Langelier index (@ 25°C)		EC105A/VA	0.010		0.984				
Langelier index (@ 4°C)		EC105A/VA	0.010	-	0.668				
Langelier index (@ 60°C)		EC105A/VA	0.010	-	1.42				
Langelier index (@ 77°C)		EC105A/VA	0.010		1.62				
рН		E108/VA	0.10	pH units	8.18				
Solids, total dissolved [TDS]		E162/VA	10	mg/L	443				
Turbidity		E121/VA	0.10	NTU	0.12				
Transmittance, UV (@ 254nm), unfiltered		E405/VA	1.0	% T/cm	92.2				
Anions and Nutrients									
Ammonia, total (as N)	7664-41-7	E298/VA	0.0050	mg/L	<0.0050		3		

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Work Order : KS2405201 Client : Cariboo Regional District Project : Lac La Hache



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: Water (Matrix: Water)			Client	sample ID	Lac La Hache Well #2	Lac La Hache McKinley SS		***	
			Client sampling	g date / time	10-Dec-2024 09:00	10-Dec-2024 09:20			
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	LOR	Unit	KS2405201-001	KS2405201-002			
					Result	Result			
Anions and Nutrients									
Bromide	24959-67-9	E235.Br-L/VA	0.050	mg/L	<0.250 DLDS				
Chloride	16887-00-6	E235.CI/VA	0.50	mg/L	26.3			S	
Fluoride	16984-48-8	E235.F/VA	0.020	mg/L	<0.100 DLDS				
Kjeldahl nitrogen, total [TKN]		E318/VA	0.050	mg/L	0.160				
Nitrate (as N)	14797-55-8	E235.NO3- L/VA	0.0050	mg/L	0.687		 ,		
Nitrite (as N)	14797-65-0	E235.NO2- L/VA	0.0010	mg/L	<0.0050 DLDS				
Nitrogen, total organic	-	EC363/VA	0.050	mg/L	0.160				
Sulfate (as SO4)	14808-79-8	E235.SO4/VA	0.30	mg/L	57.9				
Cyanides									
Cyanide, strong acid dissociable (Total)	-	E333/VA	0.0050	mg/L	<0.0050				
Organic / Inorganic Carbon									
Carbon, total organic [TOC]		E355-L/VA	0.50	mg/L	2.49				
Microbiological Tests									
Coliforms, total		E010/KS	1	MPN/100 mL	<1				
Coliforms, Escherichia coli [E. coli]		E010/KS	1	MPN/100 mL	<1			1	
Ion Balance									
Anion sum		EC101A/VA	0.10	meq/L	9.27			1	
Cation sum (total)		EC101A/VA	0.10	meq/L	9.22				
Ion balance (APHA)		EC101A/VA	0.010	%	-0.270			S	
Total Metals									
Aluminum, total	7429-90-5	E420/VA	0.0030	mg/L	0.0030				

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Work Order : KS2405201

Cariboo Regional District
 Lac La Hache



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: Water (Matrix: Water)			Client	sample ID	Lac La Hache Well #2	Lac La Hache McKinley SS		577.57	
			Client sampling	date / time	10-Dec-2024 09:00	10-Dec-2024 09:20			
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	LOR	Unit	KS2405201-001	KS2405201-002			
					Result	Result			
Total Metals									
Antimony, total	7440-36-0	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	<0.00010			1.000	
Arsenic, total	7440-38-2	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	0.00136				
Barium, total	7440-39-3	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	0.00556			1	
Beryllium, total	7440-41-7	E420/VA	0.000100	mg/L	<0.000100				
Bismuth, total	7440-69-9	E420/VA	0.000050	mg/L	<0.000050				
Boron, total	7440-42-8	E420/VA	0.010	mg/L	0.077		-	×	
Cadmium, total	7440-43-9	E420/VA	0.0000050	mg/L	<0.0000050) 	
Calcium, total	7440-70-2	E420/VA	0.050	mg/L	43.4				(2222)
Cesium, total	7440-46-2	E420/VA	0.000010	mg/L	<0.000010				
Chromium, total	7440-47-3	E420/VA	0.00050	mg/L	0.00126				
Cobalt, total	7440-48-4	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	<0.00010				
Copper, total	7440-50-8	E420/VA	0.00050	mg/L	0.00070			N	
Iron, total	7439-89-6	E420/VA	0.010	mg/L	<0.010				
Lead, total	7439-92-1	E420/VA	0.000050	mg/L	<0.000050				
Lithium, total	7439-93-2	E420/VA	0.0010	mg/L	0.0022				
Magnesium, total	7439-95-4	E420/VA	0.0050	mg/L	59.9				
Manganese, total	7439-96-5	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	0.00019				
Mercury, total	7439-97-6	E508/VA	0.0000050	mg/L	<0.0000050		****		
Molybdenum, total	7439-98-7	E420/VA	0.000050	mg/L	0.00224				
Nickel, total	7440-02-0	E420/VA	0.00050	mg/L	<0.00050				
Phosphorus, total	7723-14-0	E420/VA	0.050	mg/L	<0.050			a	

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Work Order : KS2405201 Client : Cariboo Regional District Project : Lac La Hache



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: Water (Matrix: Water)			sample ID	Lac La Hache Well #2	Lac La Hache McKinley SS		 	
			Client sampling	date / time	10-Dec-2024 09:00	10-Dec-2024 09:20		
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	LOR	Unit	KS2405201-001	KS2405201-002		
200 A 100 A					Result	Result		
Total Metals								
Potassium, total	7440-09-7	E420/VA	0.050	mg/L	5.41			
Rubidium, total	7440-17-7	E420/VA	0.00020	mg/L	0.00187			 (
Selenium, total	7782-49-2	E420/VA	0.000050	mg/L	0.00146			 :
Silicon, total	7440-21-3	E420/VA	0.10	mg/L	9.10			
Silver, total	7440-22-4	E420/VA	0.000010	mg/L	<0.000010			
Sodium, total	7440-23-5	E420/VA	0.050	mg/L	45.7			
Strontium, total	7440-24-6	E420/VA	0.00020	mg/L	0.203			
Sulfur, total	7704-34-9	E420/VA	0.50	mg/L	23.8			
Tellurium, total	13494-80-9	E420/VA	0.00020	mg/L	<0.00020			 S
Thallium, total	7440-28-0	E420/VA	0.000010	mg/L	<0.000010			 S
Thorium, total	7440-29-1	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	<0.00010			
Tin, total	7440-31-5	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	<0.00010			 222
Titanium, total	7440-32-6	E420/VA	0.00030	mg/L	<0.00030			
Tungsten, total	7440-33-7	E420/VA	0.00010	mg/L	0.00018			
Uranium, total	7440-61-1	E420/VA	0.000010	mg/L	0.00220			
Vanadium, total	7440-62-2	E420/VA	0.00050	mg/L	0.00252			
Zinc, total	7440-66-6	E420/VA	0.0030	mg/L	<0.0030			
Zirconium, total	7440-67-7	E420/VA	0.00020	mg/L	<0.00020		-	
Volatile Organic Compounds [THMs]								
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	E611B/VA	1.0	μg/L		2.9		
Bromoform	75-25-2	E611B/VA	1.0	μg/L		<1.0		

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Cariboo Regional District
 Lac La Hache



Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: Water (Matrix: Water)			Client	sample ID	Lac La Hache Well #2	Lac La Hache McKinley SS	 	
			Client sampling	date / time	10-Dec-2024 09:00	10-Dec-2024 09:20	 	
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	LOR	Unit	KS2405201-001	KS2405201-002	 	
					Result	Result	 	
Volatile Organic Compounds [THMs]								
Chloroform	67-66-3	E611B/VA	1.0	μg/L		3.0	 	
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	E611B/VA	1.0	μg/L		2.7	 	
Trihalomethanes [THMs], total		E611B/VA	2.0	μg/L		8.6	 	
Volatile Organic Compounds [THMs] Su	rrogates							
Bromofluorobenzene, 4-	460-00-4	E611B/VA	1.0	%		98.8	 	
Difluorobenzene, 1,4-	540-36-3	E611B/VA	1.0	%		100	 	
Haloacetic Acids								
Bromochloroacetic acid	5589-96-8	E750/WT	1.00	μg/L		1.19	 ·	
Dibromoacetic acid	631-64-1	E750/WT	1.00	μg/L		<1.03 DLM	 	
Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	E750/WT	1.00	μg/L		<1.14 DLM	 y 	
Monobromoacetic acid	79-08-3	E750/WT	1.00	μg/L		<1.00	 	
Monochloroacetic acid	79-11-8	E750/WT	1.00	μg/L		<1.00	 	
Trichloroacetic acid	76-03-9	E750/WT	1.00	μg/L		<1.00	 	
Haloacetic acids, total [HAA5]	n/a	E750/WT	5.00	μg/L		<5.00	 :	

Please refer to the General Comments section for an explanation of any result qualifiers detected.

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Client : Cariboo Regional District

Project ; Lac La Hache



Analytical Results Evaluation

Matrix: Water		Client :	McKinley Sample Station	 		 		
		Sampling	date/time	18-Dec-2024 11:30	 	, 	 	
	Sub-Matrix	Water	 		 			
Analyte	CAS Number	Method/Lab	Unit	KS2405327-001	 		 	
Volatile Organic Compounds [THMs]								
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	E611B/VA	μg/L	2.9	 		 	
Bromoform	75-25-2	E611B/VA	µg/L	<1.0	 -		 	
Chloroform	67-66-3	E611B/VA	μg/L	3.3	 	1220	 	
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	E611B/VA	µg/L	2.6	 		 	
Trihalomethanes [THMs], total		E611B/VA	μg/L	8.8	 		 	
Volatile Organic Compounds [THMs]	Surrogates							
Bromofluorobenzene, 4-	460-00-4	E611B/VA	%	97.1	 		 	-
Difluorobenzene, 1,4-	540-36-3	E611B/VA	%	100	 		 	
Haloacetic Acids								
Bromochloroacetic acid	5589-96-8	E750/WT	µg/L	1.27	 		 	
Dibromoacetic acid	631-64-1	E750/WT	μg/L	<1.10 DLM	 		 	
Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	E750/WT	μg/L	<1.20 DLM	 		 	
Monobromoacetic acid	79-08-3	E750/WT	μg/L	<1.00	 		 	
Monochloroacetic acid	79-11-8	E750/WT	μg/L	<1.00	 		 	
Trichloroacetic acid	76-03-9	E750/WT	μg/L	<1.00	 		 	
Haloacetic acids, total [HAA5]	n/a	E750/WT	μg/L	<5.00	 		 	

Please refer to the General Comments section for an explanation of any result qualifiers detected.

Please refer to the Accreditation section for an explanation of analyte accreditations.

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Client : Cariboo Regional District

Project : Lac La Hache



Summary of Guideline Limits

Analyte	CAS Number	Unit	BCDWQG MAC			
Volatile Organic Compounds [THMs]						
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	μg/L				
Bromoform	75-25-2	μg/L				
Chloroform	67-66-3	μg/L				
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	μg/L	-			
Trihalomethanes [THMs], total		μg/L	100 μg/L			
Bromofluorobenzene, 4-	460-00-4	%				
Difluorobenzene, 1,4-	540-36-3	%				
faloacetic Acids						
Bromochloroacetic acid	5589-96-8	μg/L				
Dibromoacetic acid	631-64-1	μg/L				
Dichloroacetic acid	79-43-6	μg/L				
Haloacetic acids, total [HAA5]	n/a	μg/L	80 μg/L			
Monobromoacetic acid	79-08-3	μg/L				
Monochloroacetic acid	79-11-8	μg/L				
Trichloroacetic acid	76-03-9	μg/L				

Please refer to the General Comments section for an explanation of any qualifiers detected.

Key:

BCDWQG

British Columbia Drinking Water Quality Guidelines (JAN, 2023)

MAC

Maximium Acceptable Concentrations

Appendix C: Emergency Plans

2025 Cariboo Regional District

Emergency Response & Contingency Plan

Lac La Hache Water System

Utilities, Communications, and Emergency Operations Departments 1-1-2025

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Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Contingency Plan

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SECTION 1: Emergency Plan Goals

The Objective of the Cariboo Regional District (CRD) Emergency Response and Contingency Plan (ERCP) is to provide staff and regulatory agencies with a guideline for potential water utility related emergencies.

This Emergency Response and Contingency Plan (ERCP) serves as a guideline to address various emergency situations, recognizing that no two emergencies are exactly alike. Each emergency is described with a general sequence of steps to follow, providing both a structured approach to response and a consistent method for documenting actions taken. Task lists within each emergency section also function as checklists to remind staff of critical items to consider and complete during an emergency. This ERCP includes specific protocols and considerations for the CRD water supply system.

This plan has been prepared to guide the Cariboo Regional District to respond to an emergency arising in the operation of the Lac La Hache Water System. The purpose of the ERCP is to:

- ✓ Ensure staff and the public's safety in carrying out emergency tasks.
- ✓ Provide the earliest and safest response to an emergency condition.
- ✓ Ensure that water quality and public health are not compromised.
- ✓ Ensure that water for firefighting is available.
- ✓ Restore normal water system operation.
- ✓ Protect the natural environment from impacts associated with the system operation in the event of an emergency.
- ✓ Contain property damage.

1.1. Resiliency in Operations

Operational resiliency refers to the capability of an operation to adjust, adapt, and maintain service delivery under emergency conditions. The objective for the CRD Water Utility is to achieve high operational resiliency. Indicators of operational resiliency include the following:

- 1.1.1. **Emergency Response Plan**: A comprehensive ERP is essential in building resilience within operations, providing structured guidance for handling emergencies effectively. This document is an integral part of that resiliency framework.
- 1.1.2. **Regional Agency Coordination**: The ERCP must be shared with regional emergency response agencies, ensuring cohesive support. The CRD Emergency Operations Department serves as the local staging agency for the Provincial Emergency Program.
- 1.1.3. **Mutual Aid Agreements**: In certain emergencies, the CRD may need support from neighboring water utilities. 100 Mile is a nearby utility from which the CRD may seek

- assistance in the future. The CRD is working toward a formal mutual aid agreement based on community protection principles.
- 1.1.4. **Emergency Power**: The Lac La Hache Water System can operate on gravity-fed supply. A standard battery pack is on hand to maintain disinfection if the power grid fails.
- 1.1.5. **Ability to Meet Water Demands**: While the water system meets current demands, the reservoir is small, and there are no fire hydrants in the service area.
- 1.1.6. **Critical Parts Inventory:** Appendix B provides a list of critical parts and their availability. Appendix A includes contact names for Cariboo support agencies offering specialized parts or services.
- 1.1.7. **Critical Staff Resiliency:** Staff's ability to respond and remain calm during extreme events is only evident when tested. Training and reinforcement of sound decision-making at all levels will support preparedness for emergency situations.

SECTION 2: How to Use This Plan

The Water System Emergency Response and Contingency Plan (ERCP) is a guide for handling water system emergencies. The "Actions" section outlines various potential emergencies and provides steps to help minimize further damage.

After an emergency, the CRD will complete a Post Incident Report (see Appendix D). Regular review exercises and updates will strengthen our emergency response capabilities. We ask all plan holders to participate and offer recommendations to continually improve the ERCP.

Remember, the ERCP is only effective if everyone reviews, understands, and contributes to its ongoing development.

SECTION 3: Emergency Planning Definitions

This section provides emergency planning definitions used in this document, following AWWA Manual 19: Emergency Planning for Water Utilities.

Emergency: An unexpected event that may compromise water quality or reduce the availability of domestic, irrigation, or fire flow water for the community.

Minor Emergency: A localized, routine incident impacting a small number of customers, such as a small pipe break, vehicle collision with a hydrant, brief power outage, or minor service repair. Minor emergencies should be manageable without special resources and, if effectively handled, can be prevented from escalating into major emergencies.

Major Emergency: A significant event affecting a large portion of the water system, posing risks to water quality or quantity and potentially endangering community health and safety. Major emergencies are rare but impactful.

Natural Disaster: Events caused by natural forces beyond human control, including wildfires, earthquakes, floods, tornadoes, heat domes, freezing, and other severe weather-related incidents.

Human-Caused Disaster: Disasters resulting from human actions, whether accidental or intentional. These may include human error, accidents, labor disputes, negligence, vandalism, sabotage, terrorism, biological contamination, or chemical spills.

Hazard: A source of potential harm or danger linked to a disaster, such as unstable slopes from a creek wash-out or ground shaking from an earthquake.

Lifeline Supply: Essential community services that support health, safety, and sustenance. Lifeline utilities include water, wastewater, electricity, and natural gas, as well as critical transportation, communication, healthcare, and emergency operations centres.

SECTION 4: Emergency Scenarios

4.1. Introduction

Sections 5 and 6 list potential water system emergencies related to the physical components of the water supply. Section 7 describes the steps for a cyber threat or vandalism.

4.2. Emergency Scenario Format

Each emergency scenario in this ERCP follows a consistent format:

- 4.2.1. **Description of Emergency**: Describes each potential emergency for easy reference. Sections 5 and 6 cover physical water service issues, while Section 7 addresses cyber incidents and vandalism.
- 4.2.2. **Indicators**: Outlines how each emergency can be recognized, either by CRD staff or external contacts.
- 4.2.3. **Actions**: Lists response steps for CRD staff, generally in recommended order. This list serves as a guideline, and the lead Water Operator can use the provided checklist to verify all necessary actions are taken.
- 4.2.4. **Contacts**: Lists relevant contact agencies; specific contacts are found in the ERCP's Communications Section.
- 4.2.5. **Event Record**: A checklist at the page bottom summarizes the event, records whether photos were taken, and tracks emergency reporting.

All events, including minor repairs and leaks, should be documented and sent to the CRD Office for electronic filing. Each event should be recorded by date. Large events should have dedicated folders containing photos and data, following a standardized naming protocol.

SECTION 5: Water Supply Contamination

Description of Emergency: Contamination has been detected or possible contamination is present.

Indicators: Public notification (taste, odour or colour observations), poor water sample results, visible observations made by Water Operators, cross connection with potential contamination.

5.1. Potential Causes

- 5.1.1. Chemical Spill (e.g. transport truck, industry)
- 5.1.2. Flood Event
- 5.1.3. Confirmed Cross Connection
- 5.1.4. System Breach (e.g. water main break) *see 6.2.
- 5.1.5. Positive Sample Result (e.g. E. coli or other immediate threat to public health contaminant)
- 5.1.6. Vandalism

Actions:

- 1) Notify Water Operator.
- 2) Notify Drinking Water Officer (DWO).
- 3) Assess threat level (see Appendix B).
- 4) Notify Communications Department.
- 5) Water Operators to investigate site and inform Manager of Utilities of possible situation. Manager to contact Interior Health.
- 6) Confirm that the source of contaminant is mitigated.
- 7) If chemical contamination confirmed or highly suspected to be present:
 - a) Attempt to isolate.
 - b) Discuss with Engineer, Biologist/Chemist (Lab) and DWO to develop a reasonable and representative sampling program.
 - c) Contact Lab and arrange bottles if required and collect samples for rush analysis.

Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Contingency Plan

- 8) Report any spills to the Provincial Agency responsible (see Appendix A).
- 9) In an extreme situation of contamination, consider shutting down all supply pumps.
 - a) Pump station would shut off and "Do Not Use" notices would be provided to the public. CRD senior management would make this call.
- 10) Communication: Begin public notification if required and follow Water Quality Notification Procedures.
- 11) Continue discussion with appropriate experts for moving forward.
- 12) Discussions to consider alternate water source if needed. Involve Emergency Operations Department and Notify Fire Department.
- 13) Continue monitoring until water quality is back to normal and IH gives approval to lift advisory or notice.
- 14) Complete documentation:
 - a) Record of events, include times and dates.
 - b) Complete a comprehensive damage assessment.
 - c) Investigate potential causes.
 - d) After action report.

SECTION 6: Supply Disruption

6.1. Equipment Failure

Description of Emergency: This type of emergency is typically caused by extreme weather events that place a very high demand on the Water Treatment Plant, or any other situation where water demands are high, and equipment or infrastructure reduces the ability to maintain maximum output.

Indicators: Visual observations by Water Operators. Failure of equipment as identified by SCADA and alarms.

Actions:

- 1) Document Situation: Note date, time, location and means of event recognition.
- 2) Notify Water Operator.
- 3) Notify Manager.
- 4) Notify Communications Department.

- 5) If cause is identified as a main break, see section 6.2.
- 6) Well Site Investigation: Generally, this problem is caused by high flows and overheating VFD's.
- 7) Check in the pumphouse for mechanical issues such as temperatures on variable frequency drive (VFD) displays.
- 8) Check all SCADA pages and trends to determine what is operational, what has failed, or what is at risk of failure.
- 9) Check on alarms.
- 10) Note status of chlorine disinfection, reservoir level, source pump status, chemical dosing status, and raw water flows.
- 11) Check all necessary equipment to confirm proper functionality.
- 12) Check inventory for parts that may be available to aid in necessary repairs. If necessary, contact 100 Mile Public Works for assistance.
- 13) If the issue stems from the VFD's, allow to cool and contract electrician if necessary.
- 14) If issue is due to drawdown in Supply Well, consult Drought Management Plan (Appendix C) and proceed to next step.
- 15) If problem persists:
 - ✓ Communicate with Interior Health, issue an advisory as recommended (see Section 1).
 - ✓ Implement emergency water restrictions (Communications Department).
 - ✓ Contact Lac La Hache and 100 Mile Fire Departments and CRD Protective Services Department to inform them of the situation.
- 16) Complete documentation:
 - a) Record of events, include times and dates.
 - b) Complete a comprehensive damage assessment.
 - c) Investigate potential causes.

6.2. Supply Main Break

Description of Emergency: Failure or damage to a water supply main causing loss of water and/or pressure.

Indicators: SCADA alarms indicating pressure loss, calls from residents or staff observations.

Actions: Steps to be taken by CRD staff:

- 1) Contact Manager of Utilities.
- 2) Contact Water Operator.
- 3) Determine location.
- 4) Stop the flow of water by closing valves and isolating the break, depending on the scale of the break (see chart in Appendix B); attempt to maintain positive pressure.
- 5) Contact Manager and describe the emergency.
- 6) Determine what section of the system has been affected by the depressurization.
- 7) If there is a potential that the system has been contaminated, the Manager of Utilities will contact Interior Health for recommendations on issuing a Water Advisory. See Appendix E (follow Communications procedures).
- 8) Make the site safe by implementing traffic control: block road, if necessary, contact traffic control contractor (see Appendix A).
- 9) If possible, mitigate danger to the public and further damage of infrastructure or property. If necessary and feasible, set up sediment control measures and de-chlorinated water released.
- 10) Assess immediate damage.
- 11) Coordinate repair plans with appropriate contractors (see contacts).
- 12) Contact the Provincial Agency responsible (see Appendix) for large discharges of chlorinated water including;
- 13) If there is significant sediment or unchlorinated water in streams.
- 14) Call Fire Department to inform them when hydrants are in or out of service.
- 15) Complete documentation:
 - a) Record of events, include times and dates.
 - b) Complete a comprehensive damage assessment.
 - c) Investigate potential causes.
 - d) After action report.

6.3. Extended Loss of BC Hydro Power Supply

Description of Emergency: The loss of power will stop the pumping systems to supply water to the distribution system and from filling the reservoir. With no power, a full reservoir has approximately 48 hours of water available.

Indicators: SCADA alarms

Actions:

1) Source a generator.

- 2) Change system settings if necessary to keep reservoirs topped up.
- 3) If sudden phase loss or total power loss causes equipment failure see Section 6.
- 4) If issues with power supply persist:
 - ✓ Contact BC Hydro for information on the timelines for power restoration.
 - ✓ Communicate with Interior Health, issue an advisory as recommended (see Section 1).
 - ✓ Implement emergency water restrictions (Communications Department).
 - ✓ Potentially throttle down the pressure within the distribution to reduce water loss (always above 20 psi).
 - ✓ Contact Lac La Hache and 100 Mile Fire Departments and CRD Protective Services Department to inform them of the situation.

6.4. Operator Transportation Routes Compromised

6.4.1. Potential Causes

- Forest fire
- Accident
- Mechanical issues with vehicle
- Construction

Description of Emergency: The usual transportation route to the Lac La Hache area is blocked (e.g., by a forest fire or accident), and no operator can be onsite to perform duties.

Actions:

- 1) Contact Manager of Utilities.
- 2) Manager will inform Interior Health Officer of situation.
- 3) Continue to monitor system using SCADA.
- 4) If issue persists:
 - ✓ Contact 100 Mile or other Regional Operators for assistance.

Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Contingency Plan

✓ Reach out to local contact if physical checks are needed. Preferably local contractor with

system experience (see Appendix A).

✓ Contact the Communications Department to issue applicable advisories (at the

recommendation of Interior Health).

5) Complete documentation:

a) Record of events, include times and dates.

b) Complete a comprehensive damage assessment.

c) Investigate potential causes.

SECTION 7: Cyber Incident

(Omitted for security reasons.)

SECTION 8: Drought

8.1 Introduction

Drought is often caused by a long duration of inadequate rainfall or snowmelt to replenish the level of the water source. It can also be the result of a breakdown in a crucial piece of a water system's infrastructure; or a prolonged issue with water quality that prevents the supply of potable water for an extended period. All of these circumstances can result in a significant depletion in the source capacity or even a complete loss of source. The Cariboo Regional District's Drought Management Plan for the Lac La Hache Water System serves as a guide to monitoring, managing and conserving water use in the event of an impending drought. The objectives of this

Plan are to:

1) Identify the priority users of the water supply.

2) Provide direction on water conservation before and during the drought period.

3) Establish a guideline for communicating issues and instructions to users and other key

contacts.

4) List supplemental or alternate sources of potable water in the event of a prolonged drought.

Appendix C outlines the Cariboo Regional District's Drought Management Plan.

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Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Contingency Plan

Appendix A: Contacts

(Omitted for security reasons.)

Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Contingency Plan

Appendix B: Charts

Water Main Break

Water Main Break Severity Chart					
Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	Class 5	
Routine	Minor	Substantial	Major	Catastrophic	
Small enough to leave until repairs are convenient	Water Pooling	Isolation Needed	Large area needs to be isolated	Complete Distribution System Shut down	
Positive Pressure Maintained	Positive Pressure Maintained	Positive Pressure may not be possible	Loss of Pressure in large area of distribution system	Complete system pressure loss (e.g. drained reservoir)	
Consult with DWO if any concerns.	Advisory may be required, consult with DWO.	Advisory Needed, contact Interior Health. Assess damage.	Advisory needed, contact interior health. Assess damage	Advisory needed, contact interior Health. initiate EOC.	
Flush line (localized)	sample for bacteriological contamination after flushing lines as per C651-14 (localized)	Sample for bacteriological contamination after flushing lines as per AWWA C651-14	Chemical and bacteriological sampling may be needed. Possible unidirectional flushing and super chlorination needed as per AWWA C651-	Chemical and bacteriological sampling needed at various points in the system. System wide flushing needed. Super chlorination required as per AWWA C651-14	

Critical Parts Inventory

	Critical Parts Inventory							
Part	Use	Location Stored	Vendor	Part	Use	Location Stored	Vendor	

Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Contingency Pl	Lacla	Hache	Water System	-2025 F	mergency	Response	and (Contingency	/ Pla
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Appendix C: Drought Management Plan

DROUGHT MANAGEMENT PLAN

Priority Users

The area served by the Lac La Hache Water System is comprised of an estimated 500 residents, as well as a volunteer fire department, school, community hall, restaurants, and various other businesses. In a drought situation, the provision of water will be prioritized as follows:

Priority Level	User	Comments
1	Residents	The CRD is obligated to provide water to the residents
		served by the Lac La Hache Water System for basic health
		and sanitation needs.
2	Lac La Hache VFD	The risk of fire greatly increases during a drought and a
		supply of water must be maintained for fire protection
		purposes.
3	Elementary School	Water is required for sanitation purposes. The washrooms
		in the school require water for the flushing of toilets and
		washing of hands by children and staff.
4	All Other Businesses and	Businesses that rely on the provision of water may be
	Organizations (these may need	required to reduce hours of operation or close down
	to be further prioritized	temporarily during a drought in order to conserve water.
	following public meeting	However, a prolonged drought may result in a significant
	discussions)	loss of revenue, which would need to be addressed.

Water Restrictions and Conservation Measures

The following restrictions will be imposed and conservation measures recommended to Lac La Hache Water System users at various stages prior to and during a drought:

STAGE 1: PREPAREDNESS			
Permitted Uses	Restrictions		
Drinking water	May 1 to Oct. 1: Lawn watering on reduced days for		
Bathing	reduced hours, per bylaws.		
Handwashing dishes or using dishwasher	Conservation Measures		
Washing machine	Install water-saving devices.		
Watering plants with a hose or watering can			
Bathing pets.			
Washing vehicles.			
STAGE 2: IMPENDING DROUGHT – CONSERVATION			
Permitted Uses	Restrictions		
Drinking water	Lawn watering days and hours restricted further.		
Bathing	Wash vehicles only if absolutely necessary.		
Handwashing dishes or using dishwasher	Conservation Measures		
Washing machine	Bathe pets only as needed.		
Watering plants with a hose or watering can	Use washing machine for full loads only.		
	Use dishwasher for full loads only.		

STAGE 3: DROUGHT – RESTRICTIONS				
Permitted Uses	Restrictions			
Drinking water (all users)	No watering of lawns or watering of plants, per bylaws.			
Bathing	No bathing of pets unless absolutely necessary.			
Handwashing dishes or using dishwasher	No washing of vehicles.			
Washing machine	No filling of swimming pools.			
	No power-washing.			
	Conservation Measures			
	Bathe only as needed and/or reduce time in shower.			
	Use washing machine for full loads only.			
	Use dishwasher for full loads only.			

Communication Plan

Communication between the CRD and users of the Lac La Hache Water System, as well as with key operational contacts, is imperative during an emergency situation. Providing timely and clear information and instructions greatly reduces confusion, frustration and anxiety, and enables outside agencies to provide assistance more effectively if needed.

STAGE 1: PREPAREDNESS				
Water use is routinely higher from mid-Spring to the end of Summer each year due to less rainfall, increased				
lawn and garden maintenance, swimming pools, more frequent car-washing and showers, etc.				
Water levels are constantly monitored, and watering restrictions are put in place annually from May 1 to				
October 1 as a preventative measure to minimize depletion of the water supply during these months.				
Procedures (Concurrent)	Target			
Finance Dept. mails notice of water restrictions	Residents			
and water conservation recommendations with				
annual utility bills in April of each year.				
Communications Dept. posts notice of water	All users of the Lac La Hache Water System			
restrictions and water conservation				
recommendations on website and social media.				
Communications Dept. sends notice of water	Subscribed users.			
restrictions and water conservation				
recommendations by email.				
Water Operators post notice of water restrictions	Users of the Lac La Hache Water System who don't have			
and water conservation recommendations on	access to a computer.			
bulletin boards at 108 Mall, gas station, mailboxes				
STAGE 2: POTENTIAL THREAT – DIMINISHED WATE	R SUPPLY			

STAGE 2: POTENTIAL THREAT – DIMINISHED WATER SUPPLY

If there is little snowmelt in the Spring and rainfall in the Spring/Summer is not enough to bring the source of the water supply to an adequate level, further restrictions on water use may be required.

Prolonged water quality issues may result in having to obtain water from an alternate source until rectified. Any significant or ongoing issues would indicate that action is required to prevent the possibility of a water supply crisis.

Proce	edures	Target
1.	Inform key contacts of possible threat to water source:	Manager of Utilities
	Water Operators notify Manager of Utilities	Drinking Water Officer
	Manager of Utilities informs other key contacts	Electoral Area Director
		Manager of Fire Administration
2.	At Interior Health's direction, Manager of Utilities and	All users of the Lac La Hache Water
	Communications Dept. have public notice mailed to users,	System
	posted on website, social media, and on local bulletin boards.	

	Communications Dept. sends public notice by email.	Subscribed users
3.	Manager of Utilities notifies CRD Managers involved in	Chief Administrative Officer
	Emergency Planning as a precautionary measure.	Manager of Communications
		Manager of Emergency Programs
4.	Manager of Utilities, Water Operators and Electoral Area Director hold public meeting to discuss potential drought, further restrictions required and recommended conservation	All users of the Lac La Hache Water System
_	measures.	District of 400 Mile
5.	Manager of Utilities notifies other agencies as a precautionary measure that assistance may be required if situation can't be rectified.	District of 100 Mile Ministry of Water, Land and Resource Stewardship Ministry of Emergency Management and Climate Readiness

STAGE 3: EMERGENCY – SIGNIFICANT DEPLETION OR LACK OF SOURCE

The following situations are considered critical:

- An inability to keep the water supply at a level that will provide enough water to meet the basic health and sanitation needs of the users.
- A prolonged issue with the water system infrastructure that results in the inability to provide water to the users.
- A severe or prolonged water quality issue that cannot be easily rectified.
- The inability to provide an adequate water supply for fire protection.
- An ongoing water supply issue that results in significant losses for businesses in the service area.

Proce	edures	Target
1.	Inform key contacts of crisis situation. Discuss further steps: Water Operators inform Manager of Utilities. Manager of Utilities notifies other key contacts.	Manager of Utilities Drinking Water Officer Electoral Area Director Chief Administrative Officer Manager of Fire Administration Manager of Communications Manager of Emergency Programs
2.	At Interior Health's direction, Manager of Utilities and Communications Dept. have public notice mailed to users, and posted on website, social media, and local bulletin boards.	All users of the Lac La Hache Water System
	Communications Dept. sends notice of emergency situation by email and via Voyent Alert.	Subscribed users
3.	Manager of Utilities and Communications Dept. post notice in local newspaper; make radio announcements.	All users of the Lac La Hache Water System
4.	Manager of Utilities, Water Operators and Electoral Area Director hold public meeting to discuss further steps.	All users of the Lac La Hache Water System
5.	Manager of Utilities notifies other agencies. Discuss what assistance may be available.	District of 100 Mile Ministry of Water, Land and Resource Stewardship Ministry of Emergency Management and Climate Readiness

Supplemental or Alternate Sources of Potable Water

Supplemental or Alternate	Contact	Capacity	Estimated Time	Estimated
Source	Information	Available	To Deliver	Cost
Backup Water Source				
Reservoir Rental Company				
Bulk Haul Water	District of 100 Mile 250-395-2434 Bulk Water Station is just off Exeter Truck Route near Co-Op Cardlock	Not specified	Pick up only	\$100 upon opening a/c, plus \$0.15 per litre.
	Triple P Sanitation (upon verification of IH permit)	Not specified		
Other Water Supplier	Triple P Sanitation (upon verification of IH permit)	Not specified		
Bottled Water	Cariboo Water Purification Centre	Not specified		
	Cool Clear Water	Not specified	Tuesdays	\$6.50 / 5 Gal \$4.00 / 3 Gal
	Williams Lake Water Factory	Not specified		

Operational Procedures

Actio	n	Person Responsible			
1	Ensure pump is shut off (to protect pump).	Water Operator			
2	Notify all users by social media, email distribution, radio and public bulletins. High risk users to be notified by telephone call. Situationally assessed for best means of communication process.	Manager of Utilities Manager of Communications			
3	Contact government agencies (see below) for advice and assistance.	Manager of Utilities			
4	Arrange alternate source (e.g. bottled water, bulk hauler and storage tank).	Manager of Utilities			

Government Agency Contacts:

- Drinking Water Officer
- Local government's Emergency Program Coordinator
- Ministry of Forests, Lands and Natural Resource Operations
- Others as necessary, depending on severity (ie. Fire Department)

Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Contingency Plan

Appendix D: Templates

Damage Assessment Summary (EOC 415)

	DAMAGE	ASSESSME	NT SUMMA	RY			
	Event:	Time:		Date:			
	Operational Period:	PEP Task #:		Position:			
		Number	Estimated Value	Comments			
	 Municipal Facilities Damaged 						
	 Municipal Facilities Destroyed 						
	 Public Facilities Damaged 						
	 Public Facilities Destroyed 						
>	 Provincial Facilities Damaged 						
pert	 Provincial Facilities Destroyed 						
Public Property	 Federal Facilities Damaged 						
olic	 Federal Facilities Destroyed 						
Put	 Roads Damaged 						
	 Roads Destroyed 						
	 Bridges Damaged 						
	 Bridges Destroyed 						
	 Railroads Damaged 						
	 Railroads Destroyed 						
	 Water Supply Damaged 						
	 Sewers Damaged 						
	Total Public Damage:						
	Residential Buildings Damaged						
4	Residential Buildings Destroyed						
obei	 Businesses Damaged 						
Pro	 Businesses Destroyed 						
Private Property	Agriculture Damaged						
Pri	Agriculture Destroyed						
	Total Public Damage:						
Prio	rity Repairs/Restoration:						
Prep	pared By:		Date and Tir	ne:			

Action Plan (EOC 502)

EOC ACTION PLAN											
Eve	nt:		Date:		Time:						
Ope Peri	rational od:	PEP Task #:	Prepared By:								
Obje	ectives: (In priority order, for	the designated	operational period)								
Tasks/Action Items: Estimated Completio Assigned Time											
Atta	chments: (Check if attached		Information Plan								
<u></u>	Organization Chart		Communica	tion Plan							
屵	EOC Floor Plan Situation Map	oortation Plan ation Plan									
Rec	ommended By (Planning Section		Approved By (EOC Director):								
Dist	Liaison Offi Information	gement Officer cer	Operation Planning S Logistics S Finance/A	Chief							

Situation Report (EOC 501)

EOC SITUATION REPORT										
	Community PREOC Ope	/ Local Authority rational Area Coo	rdinator							
		(Nam	e and Position)							
Position:			— □ Update #_ □ Final		_					
Fax #:			☐ Improving	d						
Highlights (Situa	ational Overview –	Key Points):								
-		ces / Information /	* *							
People Impacte	d (Estimated / Co	nfirmed):								
# Evacuated	# Injured	# Homeless*	# Missing	# Dead	# Hospitalized					

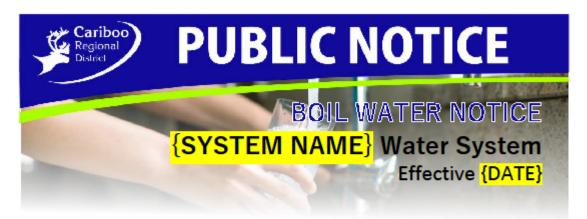
^{*} As a result of the emergency event

Event Log (EOC 414)

				[
														Closed							
									Follow-Up												
	Position:	Date:																			
Position Log	Section:	PEP Task #:	001	POO	Action																
Posi		Period:		From																	
			Period:		То																
	Event:	Operational Period:		Time (24 Hr.)																	

Lac La Hache Water System – 2025 Emergency Response and Cont	Contingency	Plan
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Appendix E: Communications Templates



The Cariboo Regional District has issued a Boil Water Notice to users of the {SYSTEM NAME} Water System, pursuant to a request of a Drinking Water Officer under Section 14 of the Drinking Water Protection Act. This Notice remains in effect until further notice.

The Cariboo Regional District's water systems are tested regularly to ensure they meet public health regulations. This boil water notice is being issued because {REASON}. This notice is being issued {CHOOSE: as a precautionary measure to protect public health. OR in order to protect public health and safety from significant health risks presented by pathogens in the water supply.}

All users of the {WATER SYSTEM NAME} Water System are asked to bring water to a rolling boil for a minimum of one minute before using water from the system for:

Drinking (or use an alternate, safe source of water)

Cooking (if not boiled)

Brushing teeth

Washing Dishes

Washing fruits or vegetables to be eaten raw

Watering animals

Also, please use hand sanitizer after washing hands.

If you have further questions, please call Environmental Services at 1-800-665-1636 during regular office hours.

For more information about boil water advisories and service interruptions in the CRD and what to expect, visit <u>cariboord.ca/water-notices-and-advisories</u>. To receive updates on CRD water systems and other relevant information within the CRD, residents are reminded to subscribe to the latest news on our website at <u>cariboord.ca/subscribe</u>, Residents can also sign up the Cariboo Chilcotin Emergency Notification System to be notified directly of emergency orders and alerts or utility service interruptions at <u>cariboord.ca/EmergencyNotifications</u>.



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The Cariboo Regional District has issued a Do Not Use Notice to users of the {SYSTEM NAME} Water System, pursuant to a request of a Drinking Water Officer under Section 14 of the Drinking Water Protection Act. This Notice remains in effect until further notice.

The Cariboo Regional District's water systems are tested regularly to ensure they meet public health regulations. Due to the presence of {if known, be specific, or if unknown say "contaminants in the water supply posing an immediate threat to resident's safety}, the Cariboo Regional District is implementing this until further notice. Follow all instructions below:

All users of the {WATER SYSTEM NAME} Water System are asked to immediately stop using water from the system for any purpose. This includes: drinking, making beverages or ice, brushing teeth, preparing or washing food, bathing, water for animals, washing anything (including vehicles), and watering plants.

Do not turn your taps on for any reason. Boiling water will NOT make it safe! Water from your hot water tank may also be unsafe, and you are advised to consult a qualified plumber before draining the tank.

The Cariboo Regional District has contacted Interior Health and the Ministry of Environment to request their cooperation in investigating this matter. In addition, the Cariboo Regional District is taking immediate actor to find another source of water supply for residents of {WATER SYSTEM NAME}.

During this time, an alternate water source will be available at {ADDRESS AND OPERATING HOURS}.

If you have further questions, please call Environmental Services at 1-800-665-1636 during regular office hours.

For more information about boil water advisories and service interruptions in the CRD and what to expect, visit <u>cariboord.ca/water-notices-and-advisories</u>. To receive updates on CRD water systems and other relevant information within the CRD, residents are reminded to subscribe to the latest news on our website at <u>cariboord.ca/subscribe</u>. Residents can also sign up the Cariboo Chilcotin Emergency Notification System to be notified directly of emergency orders and alerts or utility service interruptions at <u>cariboord.ca/EmergencyNotifications</u>.



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The Cariboo Regional District has issued a water quality advisory, to the {SYSTEM NAME} Water System users because of {issue} levels exceeding the *Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality*. This Advisory remains in effect until further notice.

The Cariboo Regional District's water systems are tested regularly to ensure they meet public health regulations. Health Canada's Guidelines for Drinking Water has established a maximum acceptable concentration (MAC) for {issue} in drinking water of {standard}. Recent water samples submitted show {issue} concentrations that exceed the MAC.

Add information provided by Health Canada or Interior Health about the nature of the water quality advisory. This section requires approval from a Drinking Water Officer.

{Other safety instructions or advisories. I.e. is the water safe for other non-consumption purposes, how does boiling water impact it, etc.}

If you have further questions, please call the Environmental Services department at 1-800-665-1636 during regular office hours.

For more information about boil water advisories and service interruptions in the CRD and what to expect, visit <u>cariboord.ca/water-notices-and-advisories</u>. To receive updates on CRD water systems and other relevant



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The Cariboo Regional District has issued a water quality advisory, to the {SYSTEM NAME} Water System users because of manganese (Mn) levels exceeding the *Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality*. This Advisory remains in effect until further notice.

The Cariboo Regional District's water systems are tested regularly to ensure they meet public health regulations. Health Canada has established a maximum acceptable concentration (MAC) for manganese in drinking water of 0.12 mg/L. Recent water samples submitted show manganese concentrations that exceed the MAC.

Manganese (Mn) is an element found in air, food, soil and drinking water. While a small amount of Mn is essential for human health, new Health Canada research has shown drinking water with too much Mn can be a risk to health for infants and young children.

Infants and young children are the most sensitive and vulnerable population, as their bodies absorb more manganese and cannot regulate or remove the chemical as readily as adults and older children. As a result, the drinking water from this system must not be used to prepare formula for bottle-fed infants. An alternate source of safe drinking water, such as bottled water, must be used when preparing formula for infants and young children. Boiling the water will not lower the manganese level.

Breastfed infants are generally considered at lower risk to manganese exposure as the transfer of manganese to breast milk is limited. Pregnant or breastfeeding women who have concerns may wish to use a safe, alternate source of drinking water or consult with a healthcare professional.

Water exceeding the MAC for manganese can be used for cooking and drinking by non-vulnerable groups and is still considered safe for hand washing, bathing and showering. If you have further questions, please call the Environmental Services department at 1-800-665-1636 during regular office hours.

For more information about boil water advisories and service interruptions in the CRD and what to expect, visit <u>cariboord.ca/water-notices-and-advisories</u>. To receive updates on CRD water systems and other relevant information within the CRD, residents are reminded to subscribe to the latest news on our website at <u>cariboord.ca/subscribe</u>.



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The Cariboo Regional District has issued a water quality advisory for users of the Forest Grove Water System because of a positive test result for low coliform found in the system.

For this reason, as precautionary measure, any high-risk users, including those with weakened immune systems, young children and those on dialysis are advised to:

- use purchased bottled water or boiled water for drinking, brushing teeth, dishwashing, preparing food, and making ice, or
- bring water to a roiling boil for one minute, then cool to an appropriate temperature before using.

The CRD regularly tests the water system as part of its Water Quality Monitoring Program. The advisory will remain in effect until further notice. We apologize in advance for any inconvenience this may cause.

When satisfactory results are reported from the required testing, customers will be notified that the advisory has been lifted. If you have questions, please call the Environmental Services department at 1-800-665-1636. If calling outside of regular business hours (8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday to Friday), please dial "5" when prompted to reach our emergency after hours contact.

For more information about boil water advisories and service interruptions in the CRD and what to expect, visit <u>cariboord.ca/water-notices-and-advisories</u>.

To receive updates on CRD water systems and other relevant information within the CRD, residents are reminded to subscribe to the latest news on our website at <u>cariboord.ca/subscribe</u>.



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